The Sun.

STOLEN BONDS ARE HERE.

MILLIONS THAT WERE TAKEN PROM THE MANHATTAN BANK IN 1878.

One of the Men Who Stole Them Is New Negoating for Their Return -He Is Poor and Old, and the Recent Return of the Famous shorough "Duchess" Suggested to Him a Possible Means of Getting a Little Money -Bank Felks De Not Seem Anxious to Negotiate - Say the Securities Are Valuable to Thom Now Only as Curiosities

The millions of dollars in securities which were stolen from the Manhattan Bank away back in 1878 have not been destroyed. Or the contrary they are right here in New York to-day, and might be returned to the bank's vaults in short order should all the parties concerned manifest a sufficiently strong deire to bring that about.

The Manhattan Savings Institution, at Broadway and Bleecker street, was robbed on the morning of Oct. 27, 1878, of \$2,747,700 in securities and \$11,000 in cash. It was the largest bank robbery ever committed in the United States. None of the cash and few of the securities were ever recovered. By special acts of Congress and the State Legislature duplicate Government bonds and State and municipal bonds were issued to the bank, thereby reducing the institution's loss to something like \$15,000. For the past ten years or so, it has been the opinion of the police and the bank officers that the stolen ecurities were destroyed. None of them has turned up and all have passed maturity.

But notwithstanding this somewhat ancient opinion, nearly every one of the stolen bonds is in existence and if the officers of the bank are inclined to pay even a nominal sum for their return, the securities will be back in the vaults of the bank within three or four hours after the negotiations for their return are concluded. And this could be accomplished without any suggestion of comyoun ding a felony on the part of the officers of the bank. To be more definite, the person who is in a position to return these securities is now in New York. If the officers of the bank were to offer a trivial reward for the return o' the bonds, this man would put the police in possession of such information as would enable them to find the papers. But the bank people seem not to care now about getting back the stolen bonds. The less to the institution has been made good by legislation and, therefore, the officers see no reason why they should pay anything for the return of worthless securites. A reporter of THE SUN called on President Bird of the institution and asked him if the eturn of the bonds would be of any value

to the bank. He replied: "Not the slightest. Duplicates were issued for the stolen bonds years ago. Therefore the originals would not be worth anything to us now, except as interesting relies. The last of the municipal bonds, those issued by the city of Yonkers, matured two years ago and were redeemed, we issuing certificates of indebtedness should the original bonds

ever turn up." THE SUN was informed yesterday, how ever, that when the National Government ever, that when the National Government and to the substance of the Manhattan Bank, the officers made a sort of compact, the substance of which was that if it were ever possible for the bank to get hold of the geourities it would do so and turn them over to the Secretary of the Treasury. It may be, therefore, that the Hon. Lyman J. Gage. Secretary of the Treasury, may be interested in having the bonds returned. In their present form, of course, they would not be easily negotiated. In the hands of a clear forger howaver the numbers and large city of the country as the majority clever forger however, the numbers and dates could be changed, and many of them

The bonds are now in the possession of man who was once suspected of knowing something about the robbery, but the police were never able to secure any evidence against him. How many years they have been in this man's possession has not been revealed, but they have been well taken care of and are in as good condition now as they were when they were stolen. If the man ever was implicated in this or other robberies. has no intention of taking it up again. He is in ill health and has a hard time to make an honest living. What wouldn't have satisfled even a few of his requirements years ago would seem like a small fortune to him

The stolen securities are a white elephant on his hands. He wont turn them over to anybody who would try to realize on them. In fact, he will never give them up, according to his present way of thinking, to anybody but the officers of the bank. At the same time, he is disinclined to make their return possible unless he is paid for it. He feels that the return of nearly \$2,000,000 worth of Government bonds ought to bring some reward to him. He would be satisfied, it is said, with a small amount. But the bank people are unwilling to pay anything and thus the matter stands.

The Manhattan Savings Institution was robbed about 6 o'clock on the morning of Sunday, Oct. 27, 1878. The robbers got into the counting room through the Bleecker street entrance and after the night watchman. Thomas Keeley, had gone off duty. Three of them entered the apartments of the old janitor in the reached the hank, got from him

janitor in the rear of the bank, got from him the combination of the lock on the outside and then began operations. One of them went into the counting room, rigged up in overalls and began sweeping out and dusting his family, another acted as "lookout" in the street and the rest worked in or near the vault. The small safes inside the vaults amined and such plunder as was wanted was taken. Several of the strong boxes of individual depositors were also rifled.

mand of the Mercer street station, in which precinct the robbery was committed. Byrnes bent all his efforts to catching the robbers, but it was not until Feb. 18, 1879, that the firarrest was made. Then John Hope, son of "Jimmy" Hope, the old-time bank burglars was arrested at the old Olympic Theatre in Broadway, where he had gone with his mother He was tried, convicted and sentenced to

It was said yesterday by a person who should know something about the robbery that young Hope had absolutely nothing to do with the robbery and that this would be

Peter Ellis, alias "Banjo Pete" and "Abe" Coakley were arrested in Philadelphia on April 28,1880. It was alleged that Filis carried out the tin boxes from the vault and that Coakley was the bogus janitor who did the eweeping and dusting while others were working in the vault John Nugent, who was a member of the police force at the time the robbery was committed and at the time

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he was arrested, was taken into custody during the trial of John Hope. Nugent and Ellis were tried and acquitted. John Cannon was arrested in Philadelphia while trying to dispose o. some of the bonds and was sentenced to fifteen years there.

The man who planned the robbery was In business in Broadway not far from the bank. Neither he nor the man who did the actual work of opening the inner safes was ever prosecuted. A feature of the case was that the four detectives who worked up the case against young Hope died suddenly and one of them told a friend of old man Hope just before he died that he swore falsely against the young man.

COREAN PLOTTER BEHEADED. Clash Between the Pro-Russian and Pro-

Japanese Factions at Seoul.

TACOMA, Wash , April 14.—The steamship Duke of Fife, arriving to-night, brings news of a sensational plot which has stirred all of Corea. Kim Yang Chun, Minister of Finance, has been decapitated for plotting to make the son of Lady Om, the Emperor's favorite mistress, heir to the throne in place of the Prince Imperial, son of the late Queen. The entire court at Seoul is divided between the Kim faction, which is pro-Japanese, and the Min faction, which is pro-Russian.

Minister Kim Yang Chun's plot involved taking Lady Om and her son out of the palace for fear the opposing forces would imprison them. The Min faction learned of these plans and made an open attack on Kim Yang Chun and his adherents. The Min faction was temporarily successful, and Minister Kim was seized by the Imperial police and subjected to torture. This so enraged Kwor Chai, acting Minister of War, and his party, that they submitted their resignations and a political crisis resulted. Other high officials were arrested, including Li Chi Yong, Minister of Household, and Yun Tok Yong, Governor of Kyonindo, where Lady Om and her son

The Kim faction ultimately turned the tables on their assailants and the most prominen members of the Min clique were placed to prison. Their leader Min Kyongsik, has been ordered transported for fifteen years. Most of the prisoners have been released

The Kim faction lost most through the be heading of their leader.

CARTER HARRISON SAYS VIRTUE WON. No Sunday Closing Farce in Chicago, but No Wide-Open Town.

Carter H. Harrison, who has just been reelected Mayor of Chicago, is on a visit here. It will probably terminate to-day, when he expects to leave for Washington. Before leaving he is going to take a look at the subway, for he thinks Chicago will have to start one soon. He said last night at the Imperia

"My election was the result of a combination of the best elements of both parties. I was fought by the Republican machine, by the Democratic boodle Aldermen, by Democratic spoilsmen who had suffered through my interpretation of the civil service rules and by the remnant of the gambling fraternity in Chicago. They were all out to do me and the street railroads were in it too. The good citizens of Chicago knew which side their bread was buttered on and we won.

"The election does not mean a wide open since 1873 It does mean that we wont close saloons on Sunday for we don't mean to work the farce that is worked here. Palmer's election was just what we wanted. The entrance of young men into municipal politics is the salvation of them, as it will result in getting the control of our cities out of the hands of the men who make a business of politics. We had a rough City Council four years ago. To-day I think should be not been bers of the faculty made an effort to get into correspondence with the Chancellor withheld the salvation of them, as it will result in getting the control of our cities out of the hands of the men who make a business of politics. We had a rough City Council four years ago. To-day I think should be not been deared vacant by the Council at its May meeting. It should be noted that this resolution politics are the faculty of pedagogy not vacated by resignation, be declared vacant by the Council at its May meeting. It should be noted that this resolution politics are the faculty made an effort to get into correspondence with the Chancellor and secure some state at of the grounds of this latest action. The Chancellor where the chairs of the professors to the Chancellor of New York University. "My election was the result of a combi-

large city of the country as the majority of the members will not pander to corpora-tions and are upright citizens."

THREE BILLED BY A TRAIN. Two Wemen and the Husband of One Rus Down

WILKES-BARRE, Pa., April 14. - The New York express on the Lehigh Valley Raffroad, at 1:18 struck and killed three persons at the south Wilkes-Barre crossing. They stepped in front of it after seeing a northbound train pass. They were Mr. and Mrs. Morris O'Con nell and Mrs. Frank Crammer of Bradford

was the fourth member of the party, and he was knocked down by the suction of the train

out not injured.

fury to-day found that Capt. John J. Griffin

Coroner's Jury Finds That He Shot Capt.Griffia - He Says It Was Snicide.

was shot to death by Major Barnard B. Evans. Only a part of the testimony was brought out, but the jury was unanimous on the first vote. W. R. Muller testified that after the shooting Evans walked into his store, which is directly beneath his sleeping apartments talked coolly and pleasantly and used his telephone, making no mention of any one being telephone, making no mention of any one being hurt. He then went to a drug store on the opposite side of the street. The cierk there testified that Major Evans chatted nieasanity, admired the gold fish in a jar and then calling up a physician over the telephone told him some one was ill in his room and requested him to call.

At that time Major Evans was not under the influence of liduor. The physician who made the post-mortem testified to mashe nee of burns from Capt Griffin's shirt and hand, which were powder putted and that the muzzle of the weapon was at least five feet distant. This was a blow for Evans, who declared that it was suicide. There are many theories for the killing, but none has much to support them. It is known that Major Evans was in financial straits. was in financial straits.

Gen. Mart Gary, a distinguished lawver, an uncle of the accused, is here from Augusta.

Ex-Gov. Evans and N. G. Evans, brothers and lawyers, have also arrived. Capt. Griffin will be buried here to-morrow.

tractor, was burned to death at midnight Saturday in a barn at 1343 Tremont avenue, The Bronx, in which he had sought shelter for the night. He lost his money through bad contracts and of late the police say he has been little more than a tramp. It is supposed he accidentally set fire to the hay while lighting a pipe. He leaves two sons and a sister, whom the police are trying to locate.

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WOMAN'S WORD POTENT.

IN EMPTYING ALL THE CHAIRS OF THE SCHOOL OF PEDAGOGY.

N. Y. University Woman's Advisory Board Assisting in Reorganization of the Faculty -Miss Helen M. Gould a Member -Statements by Professors and Chancellor.

Samuel Weir, Edward Franklin Buchner and Charles H. Judd, the professors in the New York University School of Pedagogy, whose resignations were announced on Saturday, gave out a formal statement yesterday relating their side of the difficulties which led to the crists. It seems to contain a suggestion that the Women's Advisory Committee has had more to say about the reconstruction of the faculty of pedagogy than agreeable to the pedagogist. Chancellor Mac-Cracken was quoted in yesterday's newspapers as saying that the trio differed with the rest of their colleagues as to the proper nethods to be used in the school, and as their ideas were not considered the right ones for the school the three professors were asked to give them up or resign. Ir. Edward R Shaw, the dean of the faculty, was quoted as saying that the conduct of the professors was intolerable. It was in reply to these interviews that the three professors issued their formal statement yesterday It agrees with the other statements of fact as to the friction in the faculty over the policy of the school. In February, the statement says, two meetings of the Council Committee were held. A number of the Woman's Advisory Committee, including Mrs. Henry Draper, Miss Helen Gould and Mrs. Eugene Sm th, attended.

goes on to say, "and after a meeting of the Council of the university on March 4, the Chancellor announced to the members of the faculty that he had accepted the resignation of the dean of the school of pedagogy from the deanship. The Chancellor also sent word to one of the members of the faculty that the general theory of reconstruction would make it necessary to vacat his chair in order to make room for a new dean. The member who was thus to be superseded made an effort to find out the grounds of this theory of reconstruction file was informed that no criticisms of his academic work and conduct had been communicated to the Chancellor. The only semblance of a reason for the theory appeared in certain vague and indefinite impressions entertained by some of the members of the Woman's Advisory Committee. The order two members of the faculty made an effort to find out the grounds of this theory of reconstruction. They were unable to find reasons other than those already stated, excepting the additional fact that the Chancellor had not in the beginning favored the appointment of this professor. They accordingly entered a vigorous protest, both in person and by correspondence, to the Chancellor and Or. George Alexander against what they is arded as an unwarranted and unjust line to action.

The committee of the Council, including his chair in order to make room for a new

"After these two hearings " the statement

To the Chancellor of New York University; "Because of long-continued dissatisfaction with Because of long-continued dissatisfaction with the administration of the school of pedagogy, and because I have learned that the repeated efforts of certain members of the faculty to improve this administration, while they have met with a sufficient degree of official approval to mark these efforts as thoroughly fustifiable, have, nowithstanding resulted in a resolution on the part of a committee of the university Council to recommend that the chairs of all professors of the school of pedagogy be vacated at the May meeting of the Council, therefore resign may professorship in the university, this resignation to take effect at the close of this university year. I respectfully request that an official statement of the fact, which has been at different times informally stated, that my academic work and conduct as a professor in the university have been satisfactory, be sent to me at once.

Prof. Judd, who gave out the statement it the Empire Hotel, declined to answer any mestions bearing on assertions made in the tatement. Chancellor MacCracken said that the as-Chancellor MacCracken said that the asseptions made in the statement were correct, at hough he took exception to any suggestion that the members of the Woman's Advisory Board were running the affairs of the school of pedgogy without knowing what they were doing. He confirmed the statement that the chairs of all the professors in the school had been declared vacated and that the slate had been cleared off thoroughly for a new effort in the department. This fact Chancellor McCracken had evidently not intended to make public just at present. "It was decided some time ago," said Dr. MacCracken, 'that the affairs of the school needed investigating and the standing committee of the Council which supervises the affairs of the school invited the Woman's Advisory Committee to send a sub-committee to attend the investigation. The Woman's Advisory Committee to send a sub-committee to attend the investigation. The Woman's Advisory Committee to send a sub-committee to attend the investigation. The Woman's Advisory Committee to send a sub-committee sub-committee to send a sub-committee to attend the investigation. The Woman's Advisory Committee to send a sub-committee sub-committee to send a sub-committee sub-committee to send a sub-committee to attend the investigation. The Woman's Advisory Committee are not sub-committee and and the send in the school in that these members of the committee are not well informed as to the affairs of the school in the whole university, and it can safely be said that the members of the Woman's Advisory Committee knew more about the workings of the school than most of the men who are members of the Council. For all the members of the school than most of the men who are members of the Council. For all the members of the school than most of the men who are members of the Council. For all the members of the school than most of the men who are members of the Council them perament and calm, careful Judgment would were a sub-council.

most of the men who are members of the Council. For all the members of that committee I will say that their judicial temperament and calm, careful judgment would warrant placing them on the Supreme Court bench as soon as any of the men with whom they sat in deliberation.

Returning to the results of the deliberation, Dr. MacCracken said that the disagreement in the faculty of the school had arisen from a dispute as to the way in which a proposed periodical of the school, o be known as the Pedapopical Review or by some such name, should be conducted. The project, he said, was discussed several months ago and if the dispute had not arisen the periodical would have been published by now.

The schism which began there, "continued Dr. MacCracken, "continued with force. There was a deadlock in the faculty and after a long investigation, taking up sessions of many hours, it was decided by unanimous vote to choose a new dean for the school who should act as an arbiter. So This plan thi not work, so it was decided by unanimous vote to vacate every chair in the faculty. This decision met with the unandmous approval of the sub-committee of the Woman's Advisory Committee. The MacCracken also said that a new dean would be selected at the May meeting of the University Council. Three men were now being considered for the place, he added. He could not say if the three members of the Laculty—Dean Shaw and Drs Monteaer and La Fetra—who had not signified their intention of leaving—would remain in the school. Dr. Shaw, he explained, however, the Fetra who had not signified ention of leaving the world remain in ool. Dr. Shaw, he explained, hower not resigned his professorship, elv his post as dean. The whole as to the manner of conducting gardent Ecview was, in Dr. MacCracks on, not so closely connected with work of the school as to be considered as the state of much attention in her considered as the state of the school as to be considered as the school as to be considered as the school as to be considered.

Chas, E Matthews

WHY EDITOR WAS DEPOSED. Chancellor MacCracken Tells His Side of Col lege Paper Row.

Chancellor MacCracken of New York University had something to say last night about the suspension for one year of T. W Metcalfe, the editor of the Triangle, the college weekly paper. The reason for the suspension was the publication of a paragraph saving that nothing could be learned about the work of the School of Applied Science, and that this condition of affairs led the editor to believe that things were stagnant in the school. THE SUN told vesterday how Editor Metcalfe was ordered to print a re-

traction without comment. "The letter I sent to the editor," said Dr. MacCracken, "was not printed without comment. A paragraph was added which meant either that one of the professors had lied or that somebody else had lied. The matter originally brought to me by the faculty the School of Applied Science.
"When Mr. Metcalfe was suspended the
itorial board of the paper held a meeting
which Mr. Metcalfe took part, although

for a year.

"Three members of the board were inclined to support him and three were not. Mr. Metcalfe. I heard, tried to cast a deciding vote when the business manager of the paper. Mr. A. E. Hill, steeped in and said he was responsible to advertisers and subscribers and that he was going to run the paper; if anyhody there wanted to help him anybody could. I didn't put him in charge of the paper. He tack charge.

en informed that he was rusticated

He took charge. That young man has backbone and character. Since he took charge one of the associate editors, W. P. Banning, has resigned. That leaves the board three to two in favor of Mr. Hill. I believe in allowing as much autonomy as possible, but I also believe in decency and respect. Young men who go to a college are under the rules of the college."

HUSH MONEY.

Mrs. Kaltenborn's Father Reaffirms His Accusa tion and Challenges Inquiry.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE SUN-Sir: I have ust returned from Washington and notice hat the White Plains court officials brand ny statement as to hush money in the Kaltenborn divorce case as a lie, and that either I am a liar or that Gen. Wingate "must have kept it himself."

That part does not concern me much; let them fight it out among themselves. I am sure that I don't believe Gen. Wingate kept it. However, I have written Gen. Wingate a letter, of which this is a copy:

Gen. Wingate, 20 Nassau street, New York: DEAR SIR: I see in this morning's paper that the Clerk of the White Plains court denies that any hush money was paid in that case. Surely you did not pocket that \$30.

I am no liar. Is he? You know I have the voucher ter's name was at stake; but where I only am concerned I will fight like 10,000 wildcats to vindicate

my veracity or my rights. I have contradicted that fellow's statement in the columns in which the asser A. H. BORMAN. tion was made. APRIL 13, 1901. I want to say, in addition, that I am fully alive to the seriousness of my charges in that interview. And if I have misstated or falsified in one single detail, no matter how small, the parties interested know where to get redress. I challenge them to do so.

APRIL 14.

A. H. BORMAN.

GAS RILLS TWO AT THE ASHLAND. Clerks in the Accountant's Office of the Da La

& W. Ratirond Die on a Pleasure Trip. P. J. Sweeney and George T. Buckley of Scranton Pa were suffocated by gas in a room at the Ashland House early yesterday morning and died after physicians had tried for an hour to revive them. Buckley registered at the hotel on Saturday night. The other man was not registered.

odor of gas in the hall and traced it to Buck-ley's room. When the door was broken down both men were found unconscious on the bed. One of the gas cocks on a pipe connecting with a small radiator was open. A doctor from Bellevue Hospital and another

doctor from Bellevue Hospital and another physician vainly worked over the men.

The hotel people and the police thought that the gas had been turned on accidentally. Both men had employees' passes over the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad, and an agent of the company who saw the hodies at the Morgue recognized them as employees of the road.

Schanton, Pa., April 14.—Patrick Sweeney and George Bucklev were well known here. They were employed in the car accountant's office of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western company in this city. Sweeney was head accountant. They left Scranton for New York on a pleasure trip at 3:30 o'clock on Saturday afternoon. Sweeney came from Cleveland, where his parents readde. Buckley came from Chicago, where he had relatives.

OBJECT LESSON FOR THE MAYOR. Every Day He's on the Beach.

an Italian, of 113 Mulberry street, before Magistrate Cornell in the Centre street police court on a charge of soliciting yesterday morning.

"She's a prostitute, your Honor." explained the policeman, "and she lives in a tenement house."

"Oh, she lives in a tenement house, eh?" queried the Court. "I see by THE Sun this morning that some one says there is no such case in this city—that this is the most moral city in the world. Now here's a woman you know to be a prostitute and she lives in a tenement house. You and I know that such things exist and so does everybody else if they would admit it. No man can sit in this court or in Essex Market without seeing it every day. I believe you are in earnest in trying to stop it and I'm going to help you all I can."

Another policeman was called to corroborate Menschen as to the Norta woman's oharacter and she was sent to the Island for six months.

WONT TELL WHO SHOT HIM. Actor With a Bullet in His Thigh Keeping Quiet About How He Got It.

Robert Monroe, 39 years old, who is said to be an actor, was taken to Bellevue Hospital n an ambulance yesterday afternoon from his lodgings at 205 East Fourteenth street with a gunshot wound in his thigh. All he

"I know who shot me, but you can bet I wont tell Neither will I tell you where I was shot It was done in fun and I am going to keep it quiet" Mrs. Nora Fitzgerald, in whose flat at 205 East Fourieenth street Monroe lived, told the police that the actor after having been drinking left the flat on Saturday night and that she did not again see him until he came home wounded early vasterday morning Ste said that he has not lived with his wife

WALKED TO THE INSANE WARD. Mile Tramp From Harlem.

A man more than six feet tall and stalwart in proportion walked into Bellevue Hospital

"I'm Robert Mc Alona," he said to the clerk. "I'm Robert McAlona," he said to the clerk, "and I live at 201 West 146th street It's a long walk to this place. Sometimes I want to ride downtown to see Mayor van Wyck, but they wont let me. There are eighteen of them all employed by the Metropolitan Street Railway. Company. They're after me, but they can't get me because I walk. If they would send six men I could whip 'em, but eighteen is too many. Wont you take care of me?" He was put in the insane ward.

Through Pullman sleeping cars New York to St. Louis via New York Central—Big Four Route. Leave New York 2:30 P. M., arrive St. Louis 9:50 next evening. Superb service.—Adv.

STIR OVER REPUBLICAN 70.

BROOKFIELD SAYS QUIGG AND GIBBS RULE COUNTY COMMITTEE.

And "We Don't Want a Deal With the Metro politan Street Rallway" - Gibbs Says Brookfield "Lies" and Is a Garrulous Back Number -Quigg and Ten Eyek Also Reply.

The Hon, William Brookfield, whose purpose of organizing a Republican Committee of Seventy to take part in the municipal campaign was announced in The Sun yesterday, s going out of town to-day to spend a week He said yesterday that the call for the meet ing at which the preliminary steps toward forming the committee would be taken would e issued immediately on his return, probably before ten days, and at any rate before two weeks had passed.

The announcement that Mr. Brookfield and made up his mind to reenter politics created more talk among politicians than my of the other announcements that have een made since the work of organizing for the fall campaign began, because his personal following is a very large one, and it is snown that "the Republicans of the county of New York," which was the last organizaion in which he was actively interested. has never been allowed to die out. It is with his organization as a base that Mr. Brookield and his friends intend to begin. It has ts representatives in every Assembly disriet in the county. Mr. Brookfield said yeserday

"There are in the Republican County Committee as it is made up to-day certain infuences that would rather see a Tammany man Mayor of this city than an Independent Democrat, or an Independent Republican, and it is against this sort of thing that we have got to fight. The County Committee is dominated by Lemuel Ely Quigg and Frederick S. Gibbs, and the control of them in turn rests with Senator Thomas C. Platt. President Robert C. Morris is a very fine gentleman, and I have nothing but the warmest respect for him: but he has no power, and is not able to affect the attitude of the commit-

not able to affect the attitude of the commit-tee on important matters. There is no criticism of Mr. Morris to be made, for the fault is be-yond his control and therefore he is not to be held responsible. We don't want anything like a deal with the Metropolitan Street Railway Company in this campaign.

"The people were fooled in the campaign of 1897, but it was through no fault of theirs, and may have been valuable as an object les-son. If they allow themselves to be fooled again it will be their own fault, and they will have no one to blame except themselves. "In my own opinion the candidate for the "In my own opinion the candidate for the office of Mayor should be some Demo-crat of standing in the community who is known to be free from the taint of Tammany. I believe that with such a candidate there would be a most evaluate the candidate there. known to be free from the taint of Tammany I believe that with such a candidate there would be a most excellent chance of administering to the Tammany ticket the worst defeat that it has ever experienced. I would not have gone into this thing had it not been for the solicitation of a number of my friends, all of whom think as I do and all of whom believe that there is an opportunity to overcome the present rulers of the city if it is attempted honestly and in the proper way. There exists to day in this city a strong organization of Republicans who banded themselves together in 1807 as 'The Republicans of the County of New York'. It was formed after the defeat of Low in the campaign of the year, and had a thorough Assembly district organization in Manhattan and The Bronz, and this organization has never been allowed to die out. The enrolment that was made at that time is still in existence, and the men who were leaders in itage, for the greater part, interested in this new movement.

"However, I am a member of the Republican organization, and a delegate to the County Committee. I shall retain my membership in that body, and this fight is to be one on the inside of the organization for its cleansing and purification. We shall work for direct nonlinations, for by them the power of the boss can be broken.

The organization of Republicans to which Mr. Brookheld referred grew out of the dissatisfaction felt by some of the members of the party over the action of the County Committee in regard to the Low candidacy At a meeting held in Lyric Hall soon after

n regard to the Low candidace

Mr. Brookheld referred grew out of the dissatisaction felt by some of the members of the party over the action of the County Committee in regard to the Low candidacy At a meeting held in Lyric Hall soon after the close of the campaign a committee of fitty-three was appointed that had charke of the early work of getting the movement under way. There was an enrolment and primary elections were held, all of them under the direction of a committee of which William Houston Kenyon was the chairman Mr. Brookfield's friends did not take a very noisy part in the early work, but when the time came to organize the General Committee, which was done at a meeting heid in Scottish Ritte Hall, his candidate for chairman, tien Wager Swayne, defeated. Bayard Backus, the candidate of the anti-Brookfield party handily. It is of interest to observe that Gen. Swayne is the law partner of Robert C. Morris, the present President of the Republican County Committee.

When National Committeeman Frederick Seymour Gibbs was informed of what Mr. Brookfield had said in regard to the influence that he exerts in the councils of the party he said that he thought he ought to make a reply to such a statement. Here is what Mr. Gibbs said:

Any statement emanating from Mr. Brookfield in which he says that I am dominating the organization or taking any active part in its management other than that of a district leader is false. He knew it to be false when he made it and he did it with malice aforethought. Any statement emanating from Brookfield pertaining to politically when he was the chairman of the Republican Siate and country committees, but who since his dethronement has done nothing except go around and traduce those who are in active politics. In his bitter hatred of Platt he attacks every friend that the Senator has, even Cornelius N. Bliss, Gen. Horace Porter, Joseph H. Choate, and every man who has accepted an office from this Administration that Senator Platt had anything to do with. He is a man without a party, a man without influence an

of the recommens, and that they could not be trusted.

"The facts are that Willie Brookfield can part of it, because no one in it will trust him. Had he made any effort to investigate the organization he never would have made such a wild statement unless he was blinded to the truth by his disappointment. Had he not mentioned my name in this statement I should not have dignified it by a reply, but I have got very tired of having that fellow speak of me in this way in the newspapers, and then come sneaking around to me and saving that he did not mean it." Mr. Quigg said:

said:

"The multiplicity of anti-Tammany associations is an excellent thing, but when Mr. Brookfield says that there is an element in the county committee that prefers a Tammany Mayor to an independent or a Republican he utters a slander for which he should be ashamed of himself. Mr. Brookfield or any other man has the right to organize a committee, but that does not give the management of the Republican organize. It is not him. That is a matter to be decided at the primaries provided by law."

Gos of the men supposed to have the greatest interest in the utilities of Mr. Brookfield is Chairman William H. Ten Eyek at the county Executive Committee, to which a great share of the power of the General Committee was given by the amendment of the constitution last summer. Mr. Ten Eyek said vesterday.

"If there exists in the county committee any sentiment in favor of a Tammany Mayor. I have never heard of it and I should not know where to look for it. It has never shown itself when I have been where it could be observed. As to the control of the county committee, that is in the hands of the Executive Committee, and there are no one or two men who could obtain it. I do not think that it would be possible for any combination such as is mentioned by Mr. Brookfield to exist and if it existed I cannot see what it could accomplish."

President Morris of the county committee was out of town yesterday.

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TURNED HOSE ON THE TRACK LAYERS. | RAID ON ACTORS' BENEFIT. Citizens of Pomona Check a Southern Pacific Attempt to Steal a Street.

Los Angeles, Cal., April 14. - The usually quiet town of Pomona was the scene yesterday of a lively fight of 2,000 citizens against the Southern Pacific company over the corporation's attempt to hastily build a spur track through one of the main streets in order to prevent the Town Council from granting a franchise on this street to a rival raiload. The spur would have been useless to the Southern Pacific, and the whole scheme was an evident attempt to checkmate the new Salt Lake and Los Angeles Railroad of which Senator Clark of Montana is the head As soon as word was sent out that the outhern Pacific track layers were working from both ends of First street the fire bells were rung and hundreds of excited men swarmed about the workmen. The 100

and turned several heavy streams of water on the workmen. They were knocked over and rolled in the mud by the force of the streams. and after several vain efforts to rally they retreated. Then the track was torn up. MA second attempt at track laying was made but with no success. Finally the railroad laborers took their track material from the street and piled it on the company's land adjoining.

Mexican railroad laborers were ordered away

by the crowd, but they refused to go. Then

the town fire companybrought up its hose

The Town Council will give a franchise to the Salt Lake road on Monday despite the fact that the Southern Pacific claims the street.

TOOK A PUBLIC BEATING. Young Man. Accused of Insulting a Girl, Willing to Be Whipped to Escape Lynching.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., April 14.-William W. White, a young man of Newbern, Tenn. was lashed soundly here yesterday after noon. He walked up to Miss Ruby Baird and made a proposal which she said was in sulting. He was captured by police after a hot chase and fined \$200 in the city court He was in great terror of being lynched and asked for police protection to go to the 3 o'clock Memphis train. A crowd of citizens took White from the police, stripped him, laid him across a barrel and Bob Baird, a brother of the girl, lashed him until his back was raw. He howled piteously, but was willing to be publicly whipped to escape wnching.

White left as soon as he was released. He sa member of a well-known Newbern family.

MISS KING'S COURAGE REWARDED. Presented With a Diamond-Studded Watch by

the Pleasure Drivers' Association. Lust night there was an interesting meeting between a special committee of two representing the Pleasure Drivers' Association and Miss Anna King at her home, 94 Fifth avenue, Brooklyn. A fortnight ago Miss King showed much quickness of wit and unusual courage in stopping a runaway orse on the Brooklyn Speedway.

Several members of the Pleasure Drivers' ssociation witnessed the act and a diamonddded gold watch was voted to Miss King y the association. J. Clint Brower and odge were the committee appointed present it and they did so last night.

EX-GOV. HOGG HAS THE OUL PEVER. He Purchases 44.000 Acres of Land for \$220.000 and Will Bore Hard.

AUSTIN, Tex., April 14 -Former Governor, J. S. Hogg returned here to-day from the Beaumont oil fields. He has the oil fever on the coast near the mouth of the Brazos. The price paid for this tract was \$220,000 He will have a number of wells drilled to search of oil and if he strikes the fluid he thinks he will become a millionaire many

times over. BASHFUL COWBOY'S UNLUCKY CALL. Accidentally Shoots Himself and the Young Woman He Went to See.

swaggering cow puncher, came to town last night and called on Miss Daisy Rucker with his six-shooter strapped on him. Being he was considerably embarrassed, and while twisting about in his chair his revolver went off. The bullet ploughed through the fleshy part of his thigh and struck the young womain the ankle, inflicting a painful wound

HUGHITT NOT TO RETIRE. Ramors to That Effect Are Untrue.

CHICAGO, April 14 .- A rumor was cir lated in Chicago yesterday to the effect that Marvin Hughitt was to retire from the Presidency of the Chicago and Northwestern Railroad Company at a meeting of the directors to be held next Wednesday. Mr Hughitt, when asked about the rumor,

"There is not a word of truth in the rumor You can say that it is denied officially.'

Police Say Not, but Reports From Other Quarters Indicate Yes.

noms to-day were current last night. It was said that telegraphers and clerks had lice officials said that the force would not "stand" for the opening of the poolrooms. and that there would be "nothing doing"

Pot-latch of the Sourdoughs of Nome.

The Sourdoughs of Nome, who have save who are going in this season will have a powho are going in this season will have a pot-latch at the Manhattan road house at the fork of Madison avenue and the Forty-second cross road on Wednesday night. Glad rags, receivers, jumpers and knockers will be harred. Grub will be ready at 7.30 and it will cost half an ounce a claim. Glossary Sourdough, an old miner, cheechace, a new miner, potlatch, a feed; half an ounce, eight bones.

Edward James Cleveland of Hartford, Conn three handsome volumes containing the genealegy of the Cleveland family, which in-dudes borner President thouser Cleveland. The work was compiled by the donor and

TOPERA, Kan , Apr.! 14 .- To-morrow the State Executive Council will purchase for the | few days that an attempt was made to assassi occupancy of Kansas Governors the fluest residence in Topeka. Heretofore Kansas Governors have lived in boarding houses. The recent Republican Legislature appropriated \$90,000 for the purchase.

TOPERA. Kan . April 14 - The farmers of

the wheat belt will organize on May 16 at Salina, and arrange for independent shipment of wheat to market. They favor direct shipment to Liverpool by many of Gulf ports, avoiding Eastern markets.

The Paris Estalette says Mr. Krüge was stabbed and that his assailant has been arrested. The story is discredited, pending confirmation.

Poland: Poland! Loland!

BIG CHARITY SHOW STOPPED BY IN-SPECTOR THOMPSON.

Golf Cap Out Again - DeWolf Hopper and Dan Daly, Who Had Appeared in Make-Up to Burlesque "Uncle Tom." Arrested With Manager Brady for Sunday Law Violation

Inspector Thompson had his first chance last night for a real public appearance since he was transferred out of the district in which they have French balls and similar things. The opportunity came in the Academy of Music, where there was a Sunday night benefit performance for the Actors' Fund of America. Hurrying past the brilliantly lighted saloon in Fourteenth street, the inspector and Detectives Barlow and Galvin of his staff went into the Academy to watch out for violation of the Sunday law It was learned afterward that he was acting on a tip from a clergyman, but he didn't seem to enjoy the job any the less on that account. He wore his golf cap. That was always a sign of a lively Thompson night in Madison Square Garden. The same storm signal holds good still and

it did not fail last night. Nobody warned De Wolf Hopper and Dan Daly that Thompson in his cap was in the udience, so they came out in costume for their share in the last number on the programme. It was a burlesque on the first scene of the fourth act of "Uncle Tom's Cabin." De Wolf Hopper was Uncle Tom, not all black. but striped like a zebra. He said that was a concession to the Sunday law and should have been taken as a compromise by the police. Dan Daly, also in costume, was Simon Legree.

Before he had a chance to be cruel to Uncle Tota Inspector Thompson spotted them both, William A. Brady, who with DeWolf Hopper managed the show, was in the front of the ouse. Pulling his cap down over his eyes Inspector Thompson bristled up to Brady "Look here," said he, "we can't stand for this. You are violating the law and you are

under arrest. Brady got himself paroled for half a minute to ring the curtain down and then went o the East Twenty-second street station with the inspector. The two detectives remained behind to nab DeWolf Hopper and Daly as soon as they should change heir offending togs for street clothes.

No attention was paid by the police to two women and a group of jubilee singers who had been in the burlesque with DeWolf Hopper and Daly, but they didn't go on with the performance and there was a howl from the hig audience, in which there were many members of the theatrical profession. Most of these knew what had caused the trouble. A few thought that the vaudeville managers were responsible and had taken this method of getting even with the White Rats, but that was a mistaken notion. They were all indignant, because it was a charity perform-

At the East Twenty-second street station Brady, the manager, and the two actors were all charged with violating the Sunday law by appearing in costume and were then released on bail of \$500 each. It was furnished

by E. G. Gilmour of the Academy of Music. The three prisoners took the thing goodnaturedly enough and were inclined to josh Inspector Thompson a little bit. That didn'. uit. The inspector growled. He told the three men to be in the Yorkville police court at 9 o'clock this morning and added that he would make a lot of trouble for them if they were late.

After his release De Wolf Hopper said: and complained to the police. I don't know who he was and I don't give a damn, but I don't like the idea of getting up around oun-

GERMAN CROWN PRINCE IN VIENNA. Cordially Welcomed by the Emperor and Cheered by the People.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. VIENNA, April 14 - The German Crown Prince Friedrich Wilhelm arrived here this orning Emperor Francis Joseph and the Archdukes met him and gave him a cordial reception. He was also received with elaborate military honors and a large crowd cheered him as he rode through the streets.
Afterward he attended the services at the Protestant church. In the evening he was ntertained at a banquet and the Emperor offered a toast to the son of his faithful friend. the Kaiser, and expressed the hope that the visit of the young Prince would strengthen he intimacy that existed between the two ountries and the bonds of friendship of the

oval households. In the course of his reply the Crown Prince aid that veneration for the most faithful friendship of the Emperor Francis Joseph and his family had become a dear tradition his father's house.

Although the visit of the Crown Prince s of no importance from a political standcoint, being merely a courtesy in return for the action of his godfather, Emperor Francis Joseph, in attending the ceremonies in connection with his coming of age in Berlin n 1900, it is interesting masmuch as it is his irst independent mission abroad. The Viennese, appreciating the circumstances, gave an especially sympathetic welcome o the lad, who appeared to be noticeably conscious of the fact that he had the dignity of the Hohenzollerns to support and was extremely anxious to acquit himself in a worthy manner. His gentle, almost fem inine countenance, recailed his mother rather than his father. He betrayed momentary as he approached to greet Emperor Francis Joseph at the station. The impression he While delivering his speech at the banquet the Crown Prince referred to the written copy he held in his hand, but spoke with something of his father's impulsive warmth. LONDON, April 15.—A Berlin despatch to the Daily Chronicle says the Crown Prince, who is inclined to be a musician, has composed a romance for the violin which is said o be a very respectable work. He is already regarded as an admirable performer on the join and will continue his practice during his forthcoming stay at the university at Boan

ATTEMPT TO KILL KRUGERS

Rumor in Circulation, but No Details Have Been Given. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

onfirmed rumors in circulation for the past Another story, printed in Paris, is that the

attempt to kill Mr. Krüger was actually made. There are no details, however.

Polandi Polandi Poland The purest natural spring water in the world; -Adri